

الفصل الخامس

الإنتروبي والقانون الثاني في

الديناميكا الحرارية

**Entropy and the second law of
Thermodynamics**

The 2nd law of Thermodynamics

1-5

- 1-1-5

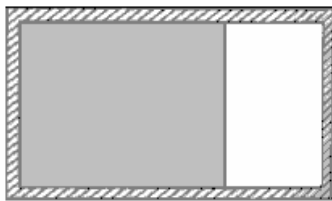
. -1-5 - T_2

T_1

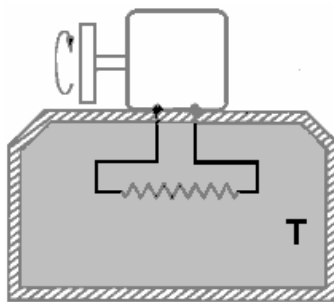
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. -1-5

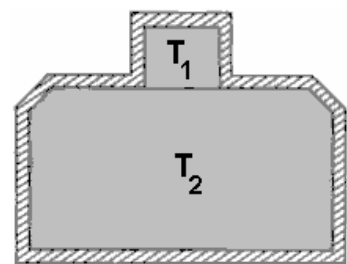
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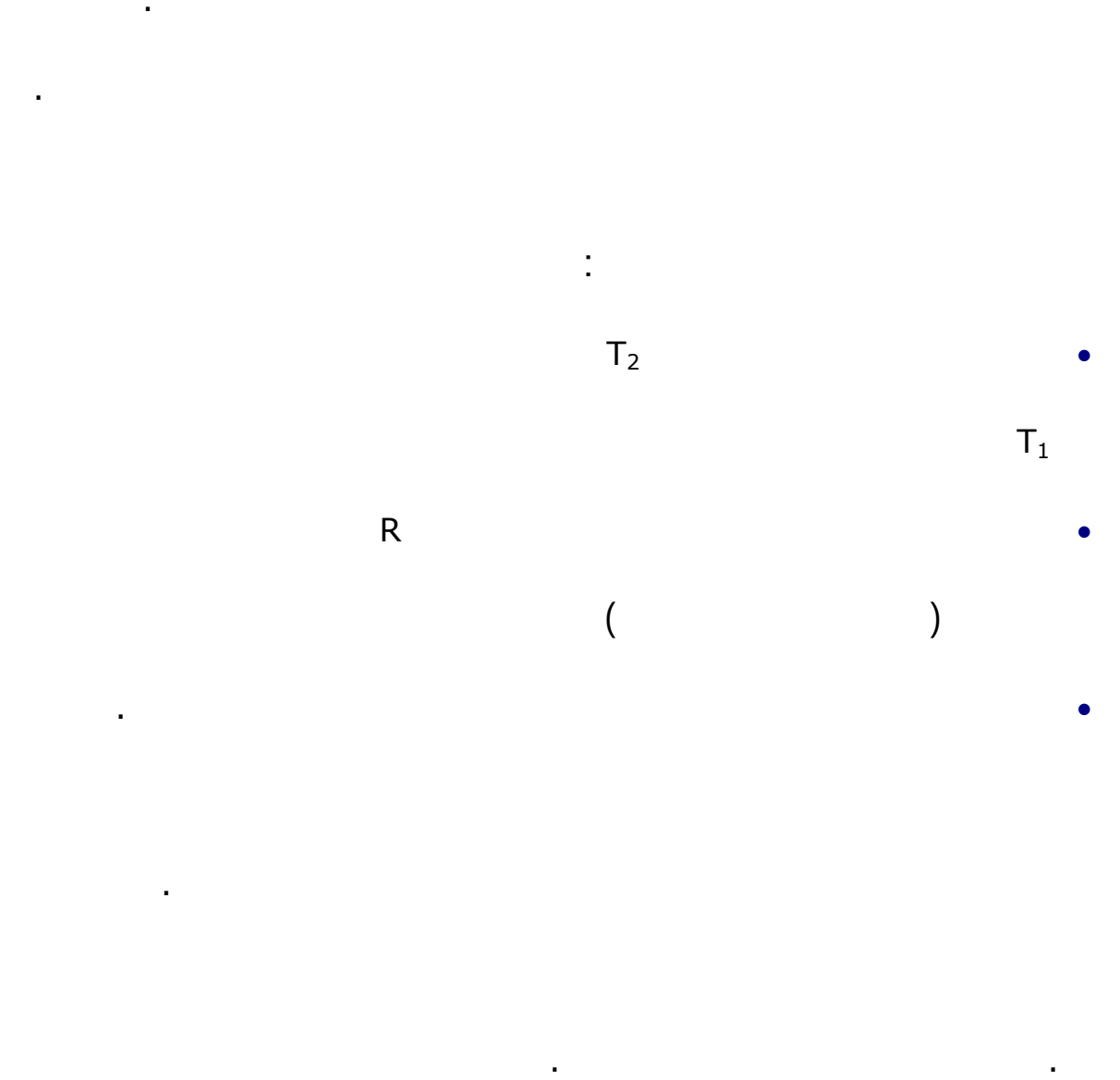
:1-5

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T_2

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Entropy

2-1-5

Clausius

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. entropy

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3-1-5

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4-1-5

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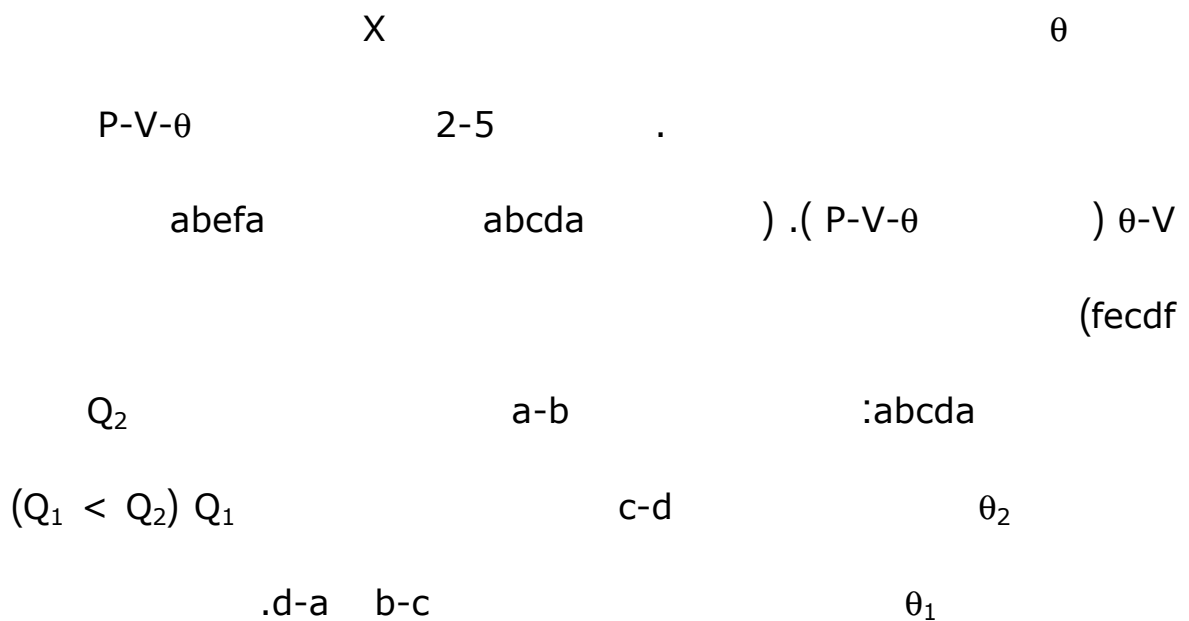
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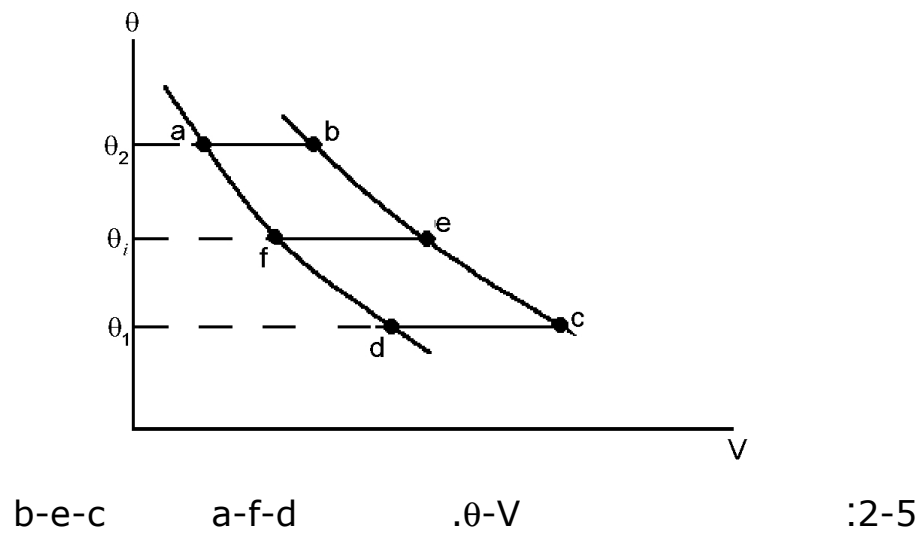
5-1-5

Thermodynamic Temperature

2-5

1-2-5





$$W = |Q_2| - |Q_1|$$

.

$$Q_1 \quad Q_2$$

$$\theta_1 \quad \theta_2$$

:

$$\frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_1|} = f(\theta_2, \theta_1) \quad (1-5)$$

.

f

$$(\theta_2 \quad \theta_1)$$

.

. a-b-e-f-a . $f(\theta_2, \theta_1)$
 T_2 a-b Q_i Q_2

. T_1 e-f

$$\frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_i|} = f(\theta_2, \theta_i) \quad (2-5)$$

Q_i f-e-c-d-f

c-d Q_1 θ_i f-e
 : θ_1

$$\frac{|Q_i|}{|Q_1|} = f(\theta_i, \theta_1) \quad (3-5)$$

: 3-5 2-5

$$\frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_i|} \times \frac{|Q_i|}{|Q_1|} = \frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_1|} = f(\theta_2, \theta_i) \times f(\theta_i, \theta_1) \quad (4-5)$$

:

$$f(\theta_2, \theta_1) = f(\theta_2, \theta_i) \times f(\theta_i, \theta_1) \quad (5-5)$$

θ_1 θ_2

θ_i

: $f(\theta_i, \theta_1)$ $f(\theta_2, \theta_i)$

$$\begin{cases} f(\theta_2, \theta_i) = \frac{\phi(\theta_2)}{\phi(\theta_i)} \\ f(\theta_i, \theta_1) = \frac{\phi(\theta_i)}{\phi(\theta_1)} \end{cases} \quad (6-5)$$

$$f(\theta_2, \theta_1) = \frac{\phi(\theta_2)}{\phi(\theta_1)} \quad (7-5)$$

$$\phi(\theta_1) \quad \phi(\theta_2) \quad f$$

$$\phi(\theta_i) \quad - \quad \theta_1 \quad \theta_2$$

$$\phi \quad .\theta_i$$

$$\theta_1 \quad \theta_2$$

:

$$\frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_1|} = \frac{\phi(\theta_2)}{\phi(\theta_1)} \quad (8-5)$$

$$\frac{\phi(\theta_2)}{\phi(\theta_1)}$$

: θ T

$$T = A \phi(\theta) \quad (9-5)$$

: A

$$\frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_1|} = \frac{T_2}{T_1} \quad (10-5)$$

$$T_1 \quad T_2$$

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$$T_3$$

: $Q \quad Q_3 \quad .T$

$$\frac{|Q|}{|Q_3|} = \frac{T}{T_3} \quad (11-5)$$

: T

$$T = T_3 \frac{|Q|}{|Q_3|} \quad (12-5)$$

. T 273.16 T₃

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Q₂ Q₁

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T φ

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:- - (4-1) θ

$$\theta_g = \theta_3 \times \lim_{P_3 \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{P_g}{P_3} \right)_v \quad (4-1)$$

:

$$P_v = R \theta$$

:

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial v} \right)_\theta = 0$$

:

7-4

$$\frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_1|}$$

$$\frac{\theta_2}{\theta_1} = \frac{|Q_2|}{|Q_1|} \quad (13-5)$$

θ

T

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1-5

A

.50%

(P = 1 atm) A

75

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°A

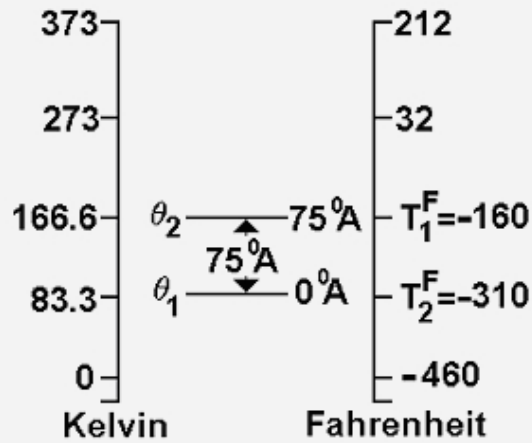
:

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{T_1}{T_2} = 1 - \frac{\theta_1}{\theta_2} = 0.5 \Rightarrow \theta_2 = 2\theta_1$$

$$\Delta\theta = \theta_1 - \theta_2 = 75^\circ\text{A} = 150^\circ\text{F}$$

$$\Delta T_K = T_2 - T_1 = (T_C)_2 - (T_C)_1 = [(T_F)_2 - (T_F)_1] \times \frac{5}{9} = 150 \times \frac{5}{9} = 83.3\text{K}$$

$$T_1 = 83.3\text{K} \quad T_2 = 2 T_1 = 166.6\text{K}$$



$$(261.85^\circ\text{A}) \quad \text{A}$$

θ

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Entropy

3-5

1-3-5

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$$Q_1 < 0 \quad Q_2 > 0$$

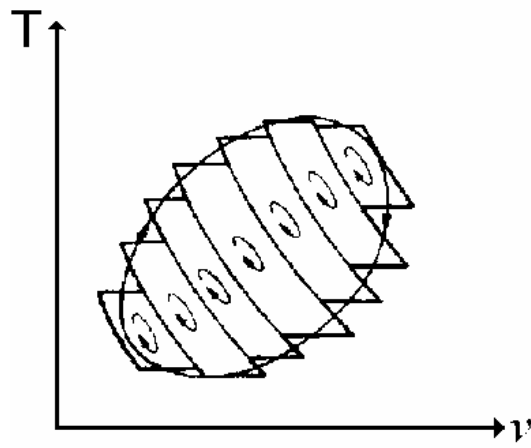
$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = -\frac{Q_2}{Q_1} \Rightarrow \frac{Q_1}{T_1} + \frac{Q_2}{T_2} = 0 \quad (14-5)$$

.3-5

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$$\Delta Q_1 \quad \Delta Q_2 \quad T_1 \quad T_2$$

$$\frac{\Delta Q_1}{T_1} + \frac{\Delta Q_2}{T_2} = 0$$

:

$$\sum \frac{\Delta Q_r}{T} = 0$$

. r

: (Σ)

$$\oint \frac{d'Q_r}{T} = 0 \quad (15-5)$$

$$dV \quad dU \quad \frac{d'Q_r}{T} \quad d'Q_r$$

S .

:

$$dS \equiv \frac{d'Q_r}{T} \quad (16-5)$$

:

$$\oint dS = 0 \quad (17-5)$$

dS

:

$$\int_a^b dS = S_b - S_a \quad (18-5)$$

J K⁻¹ MKS S

$$J K^{-1} kg^{-1} \quad s = \frac{S}{m}$$

$$J K^{-1} kilomole^{-1} \quad s = \frac{S}{n}$$

18-5 16-5

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Entropy changes in reversible processes

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$$d'Q = 0$$

$$d'Q_r = 0 \quad dS = 0$$

s .(isentropic process)

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T

$$S_b - S_a = \int_a^b \frac{d'Q_r}{T} = \frac{1}{T} \int_a^b d'Q_r = \frac{Q_r}{T} \quad (19-5)$$

()

$$S_b > S_a \quad (Q_r < 0) \quad Q_r > 0 \quad ()$$

$$.() \quad (S_b < S_a)$$

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l

:

$$s_2 - s_1 = l / T \quad (20-5)$$

2-5

$$l_{23} = l_{lv} = 2.26$$

$$373.15 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{MJ kg}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\vdots}{\text{---}}$$

$$s''' - s'' = \frac{l_{lv}}{T} = \frac{2.26 \text{ MJ kg}^{-1}}{373.15 \text{ K}} = 6056.5 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \quad (21-5)$$

.

3-5

:

$$P = 1 \text{ atm} \quad 100 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \quad 1 \text{ kg} \quad -$$

$$(T \quad P \quad)$$

$$P = 1 \text{ atm} \quad 100 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \quad 1 \text{ kg} \quad -$$

.

$$3.34 \times 10^5 \text{ J.kg}^{-1}$$

$$2.26 \times 10^6 \text{ J.kg}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\vdots}{\text{---}}$$

$$(\quad) \quad ($$

$$\Delta s = s_2 - s_1 = \frac{l}{T}$$

$$\Delta s = s_2 - s_1 = \frac{l_{12}}{T} = \frac{3.34 \times 10^5}{273.15} = 1.223 \times 10^3 \text{ J Kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

(

$$\Delta S = s_2 - s_3 = -\frac{I_{23}}{T} = \frac{2.2610^6}{373.15} = -6.057 \times 10^3 \text{ J Kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

∴

$$\Delta S = -6.06 \text{ kJ K}^{-1} \quad () \quad \Delta S = 1.22 \text{ kJ K}^{-1} \quad ()$$

:

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· $\int \frac{d'Q}{T}$

:

$c_v \, dT$

$$s_f - s_i = \int_i^f c_v \frac{dT}{T} \tag{22-5}$$

:

$c_p \, dT$

$$s_f - s_i = \int_i^f c_p \frac{dT}{T} \tag{23-5}$$

$C_p \quad C_v$

·

:

$$\begin{aligned}(s_f - s_i)_v &= c_v \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} \\ (s_f - s_i)_p &= c_p \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i}\end{aligned}\quad (24-5)$$

		<u>4-5</u>
T = 100	T = 0 °C	
		c _p = 4.18 kJ kg ⁻¹ K ⁻¹ °C
		:
$(s_f - s_i)_p = c_p \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} = 4.18 \times \ln \frac{373.15}{273.15} = 1.304 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$		

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Temperature-Entropy Diagrams

(T,V) (P,T) (P,V)

T-S T
T-S " - "
f i T-S

$$\int_i^f T dS = \int_i^f d'Q_r = Q_r \quad (25-5)$$

f i P-V

.(S = constant)

(T = constant)

.a-b-c-d-a

T-S

4-5

b a

T = T₂

T

a-b

() b-c

$$T = T_1$$

.c b

$$S = S_2$$

T

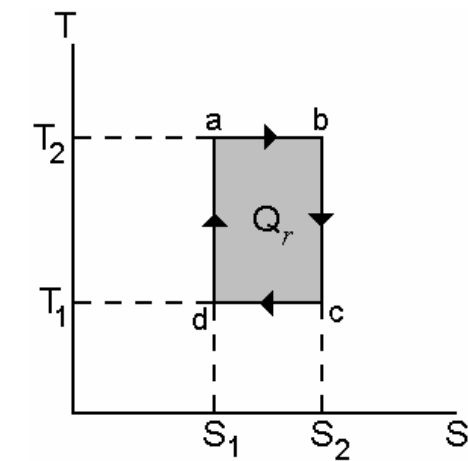
c-d

a d

$$S = S_1$$

d c

$$S = S_1$$



T-S

:4-5

:

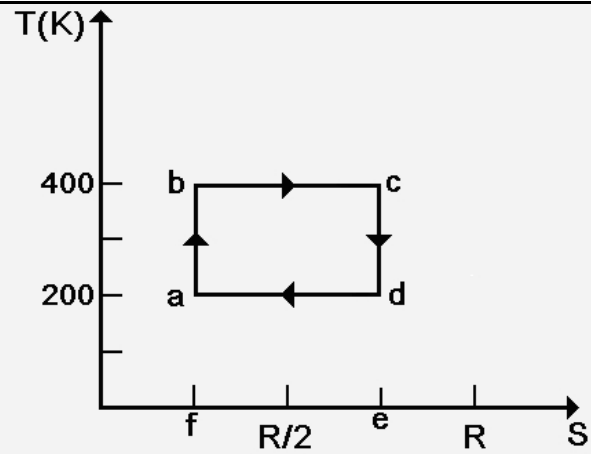
$$\oint_{abcd} T dS = \int_a^b d'Q_r + \int_b^c d'Q_r + \int_c^d d'Q_r + \int_d^a d'Q_r = Q_2 - Q_1 \quad (26-5)$$

$$.dS_1S_2c \quad aS_1bS_2$$

4-5

.T-S

abcd



abcda

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:

: Q_1

da

bc

Q_2

-

$T_1 = 200 \text{ K}$

$T_2 = 500 \text{ K}$

.(engine)

$\Leftarrow \therefore$

: ($\Delta S = 0$)

cd

ab

-

$Q_{ab} = Q_{cd} = 0$

$$Q_{bc} = T_2 \times (S_c - S_b) = 500 \times (3R/4 - R/4) = 250 R$$

$$Q_{da} = T_a \times (S_a - S_d) = 200 \times (R/4 - 3R/4) = -100 R$$

-

$$\eta = \frac{Q_2 - Q_1}{Q_2} = \frac{\int_b^c T_2 dS - \int_d^a T_1 dS}{\int_b^c T_2 dS}$$

abcd

η : _____

() bcef

$$\eta = \frac{\Delta S \times \Delta T}{\Delta S \times T_2} = \frac{\Delta S \times 300}{\Delta S \times 500} = 0.6$$

: _____

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{T_1}{T_2} = 1 - \frac{200}{500} = 0.6$$

:

-

$$c = \frac{Q_1}{Q_2 - Q_1} = \frac{T_1}{T_2 - T_1} = \frac{200}{300} = 0.667$$

6-5

1-6-5

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()

ΔS

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2-6-5

$$T_1$$

$$T_2 \quad (a-1-5) \quad T_2 > T_1$$

$$\Delta T = T_2 - T_1$$

$$T_2 \quad T_1$$

.

N

δT

$$T_2 = T_1 + N \delta T$$

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:

$$\Delta S_{\text{body}} = C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \quad (27-5)$$

$$T_2 > T_1$$

$$\Delta S$$

:

$$Q = -C_p (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{reservoir}} = -C_p \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \quad (28-5)$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{reservoir}} \quad \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \quad T_2 > T_1$$

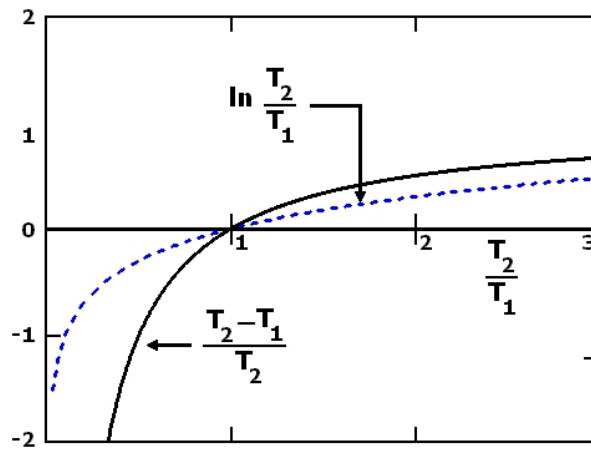
:

$$\Delta S = \Delta S_{\text{body}} + \Delta S_{\text{reservoir}} = C_p \left[-\ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \right] \quad (29-5)$$

$$= C_p f(T_2, T_1)$$

$$\cdot \frac{T_2}{T_1} \quad \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \quad \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \quad 5-5$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} > 1 \quad T_2 > T_1 \quad -$$



$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} \quad \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \quad \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} : 5-5$$

$$\frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \quad \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$0 < \frac{T_2}{T_1} < 1 \quad T_2 < T_1 \quad -$$

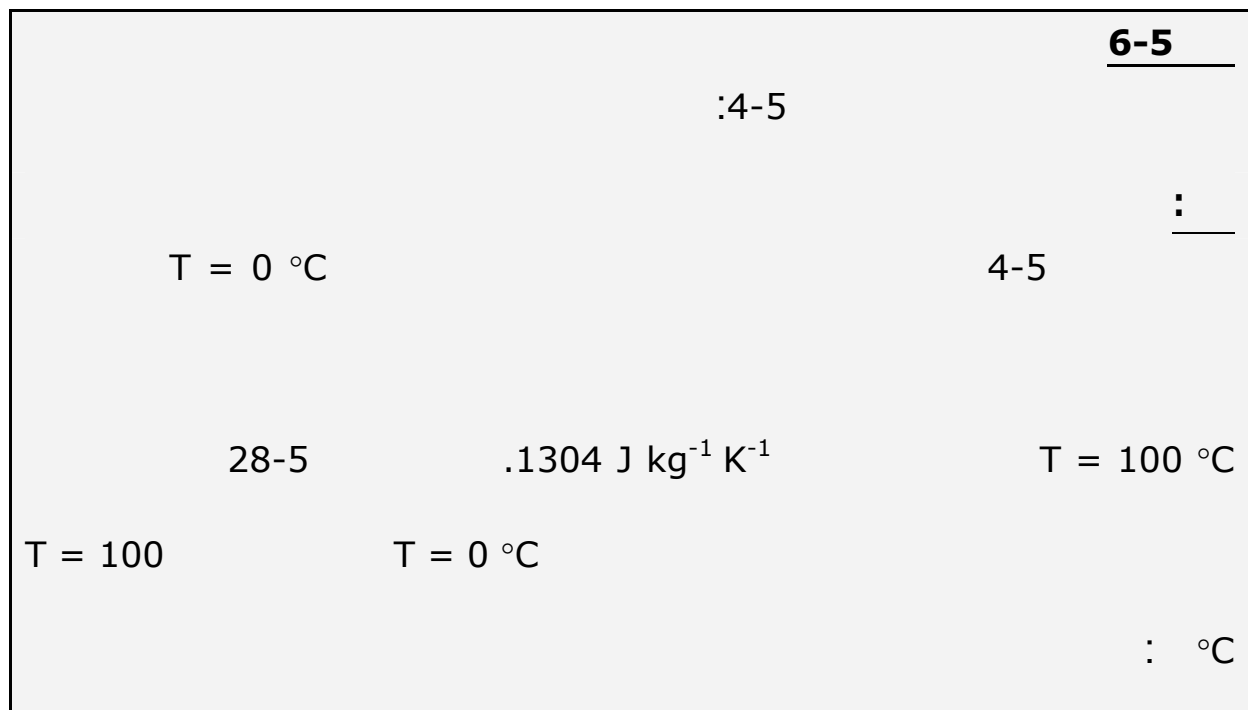
$$\Delta S = \Delta S_{\text{body}} + \Delta S_{\text{reservoir}} = C_p \left| \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2} + \frac{T_1 - T_2}{T_1} \right|$$

$$= C_p f(T_2, T_1)$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{universe}} = C_p \left| -\ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + \left(1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right) \right| = C_p \left| 1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1} - \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right|$$

$$\frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$|1 - 0.5 - \ln 0.5| = +1.693 \quad f(T_2, T_1) \quad \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$\Delta S_{\text{reservoir}} = -C_p \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2} = -4.18 \times \frac{373.15 - 273.15}{373.15} = -1120 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

3-6-5

1-5

.b-5-1

Q

+

$\frac{Q}{T}$

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c-5-1 1-5

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The Principle of Increase of Entropy

7-5

1-7-5

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4-5

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1-5

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2-7-5

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T_1

1-5

T_2 .

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(T_1)

$T_2 \quad T_1$

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في حالة التوازن، فإن الإنتروبي يكون ثابتاً. ومع ذلك، في حالة عدم التوازن، فإن الإنتروبي يمكن أن يتغير. وهذا هو ما نسميه "زيادة الإنتروبي".

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!

3-7-5

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() 1

4-7-5

:

$$du = - d'w$$

$$du = d'q - d'w$$

a

b

a

b

.1-5

(arbitrary)

$$S_i > S_f :$$

■

II II

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■

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■

" " (entropê)

11

□ □

5-7-5

$$(\quad)$$

$$\cdot \quad (\quad)$$

P)

P

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2

8-5

1-8-5

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11

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2-8-5

$$T_1$$

A

Q

 $\cdot T_1$ T_2

B

Q

B

: B A . A

$$\Delta S_A = -\frac{|Q|}{T_1} \quad \Delta S_B = \frac{|Q|}{T_2} \quad (30-5)$$

$$\Delta S_A = \frac{|Q|}{T_2} - \frac{|Q|}{T_1} = |Q| \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right) < 0$$

.

- **3-8-5**

W "

" Q

. |Q|/T

- **4-8-5**

-6-5

|Q₂| .T₁ T₂
W (T₁) |Q₂| (T₂)

$$\eta = W/|Q_2| = 50\% \quad W \quad |Q_2| - |Q_1| = 0$$

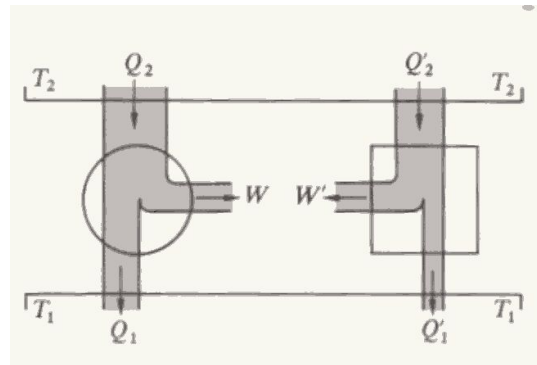
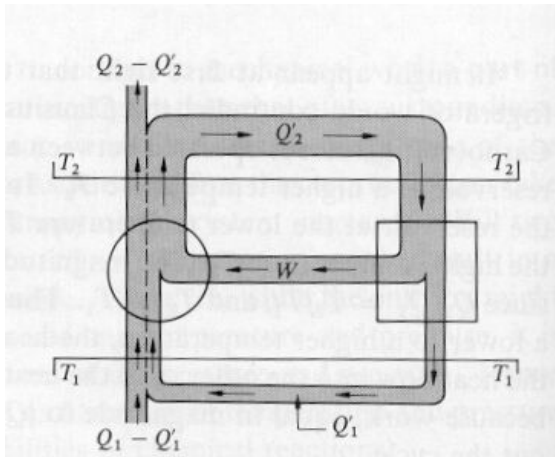
T₁ T₂ ()

$$|Q'_2| \quad \eta' = 75\% \quad \mathbf{W' = W}$$

T_2 .

()

Q_1 $|Q'_1|$



" " : ()

: ()

6-5

$$\eta' = \frac{W'}{|Q'_2|} = \frac{W}{|Q'_2|} > \eta \Rightarrow |Q'_2| < |Q_2|$$

$$\eta' = \frac{|Q'_2| - |Q'_1|}{|Q'_2|} > \frac{|Q_2| - |Q_1|}{|Q_2|} > \eta \Rightarrow |Q'_1| < |Q_1|$$

-6-5

()

) T_2

$|Q'_2|$

()

" " •

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{|Q_2|}{T_1} \right) - \left(\frac{|Q'_2|}{T_2} \right) > 0 \quad (1) \\
 & \left(\frac{|Q_1|}{T_1} \right) - \left(\frac{|Q'_1|}{T_2} \right) > 0 \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$